How is reclamite applied?

Reclamite is applied as a liquid and sprayed onto the pavement from a distance of about a foot. It takes 30 minutes for the reclamite to be absorbed into the pavement. The contractor will apply the product to one side of the road at a time. This allows access to the neighborhood to be maintained throughout construction. After the reclamite is absorbed into the pavement, sand is placed on the road to absorb excess product.

Why does the city apply reclamite to new roads?

Reclamite is designed for use on newer roads to rejuvenate asphalt pavement. Reclamite is a cost effective maintenance product and is expected to add five years of life to the pavement.

When can I drive over the reclamite?

After reclamite is applied, it takes about 30 minutes for the product to be absorbed into the pavement. After 30 minutes, sand is placed over the reclamite to absorb any excess material. Once the sand is applied, the road is safe to drive on. It is recommended to drive slowly over the reclamite to prevent any product from splashing on a vehicle.

Can I park on the street?

No parking will be allowed on streets. Vehicles may resume parking on streets after sand is swept. This typically happens 1-2 days after the reclamite is placed.

Is it safe for pets? What if it gets into the storm drains?

Reclamite is not harmful to pets, but it is recommended to keep all pets off the road for 24 hours. The product is not placed if rain is forecasted to help prevent it from getting into storm drains. Occasionally there will be a sheen in ponds after the rain, but the sheen is a result of animal fats and not oil.

How do I remove reclamite stuck to my car?

You can exit your driveway and drive through the work area, but please go slow and stay on the sanded areas as the material can be slippery and may stick to vehicles. Be advised that driving onto a driveway before the contractor is finished sanding may cause the driveway and sidewalk to become temporarily discolored. These materials can be washed off with hot soapy water, WD-40 or a bug and tar remover. The earlier you can clean it up, the better.